



## Technical Changes **BC Building Code 2006**

Division B – **Part 9**Housing and Small Buildings

9.26., 9.27. Precipitation Protection

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### 9.26. Roofing

9.26.1.1. Purpose of Roofing

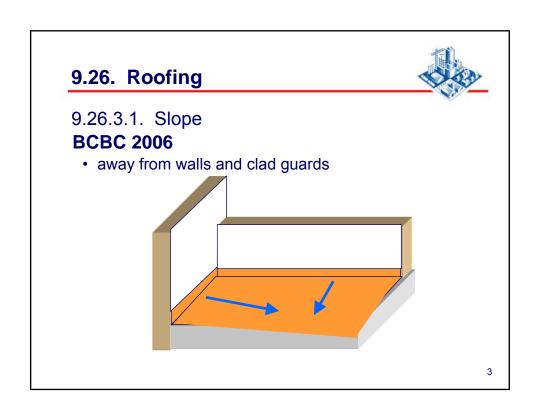
### **BCBC 1998**

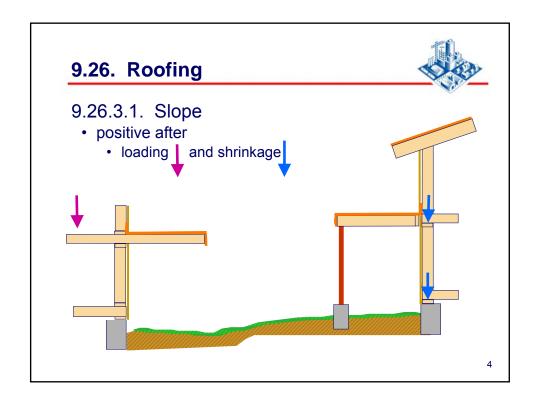
· applied to roofs

### **BCBC 2006**

- roofs to include other constructions that serve as roofs
  - balconies
  - decks
  - · exterior walkways
  - etc.







# 9.26. Roofing 9.26.3.1. Slope Balconies with positive slope to accommodate shrinkage Photo permission of Polygon Construction Management Ltd., Vancouver



### 9.26. Roofing



9.26.4.1. Required Flashing



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# 9.26. Roofing 9.26.4.1. Required Flashing BCBC 2006 • all roof-wall junctions AND • junctions of similar types of constructions

### 9.27. Cladding

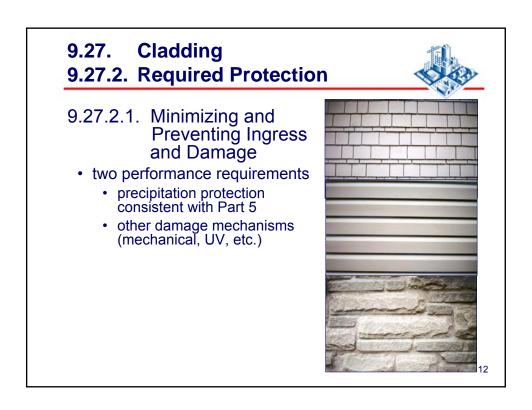


9.27.1. to 9.27.3.

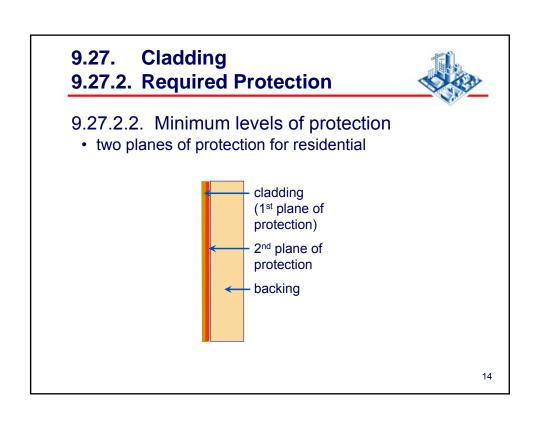
- application
- protection against ...
- minimum precipitation protection
- location of sheathing membrane requirements
- flashing locations
- · flashing configurations

	cation			
BCBC 1998	9.27.	9.20.	9.28.	
Requirements	Cladding	Masonry	Stucco	Other
Performance	✓			—
Protection Level	<u> </u>			
Sealing	✓	ref 9.27.	ref 9.27.	
Flashing	✓	✓	ref 9.27.	
Materials				
lumber	✓			
shingles	✓		Part 5?	
wood-based	✓		Parto	
metal	✓	•		
vinyl	✓			

9.27.1. Appli	Cation			4
<b>BCBC 2006</b>	9.27.	9.20.	9.28.	
Requirements	Cladding	Masonry	Stucco	Other
Performance	✓	✓	✓	Part 5
Protection Level	✓	✓	✓	
Sealing	✓	✓ref 9.27.	✓ref 9.27.	
Flashing	✓	✓	✓ref 9.27.	
Materials				
lumber	✓			
shingles	✓			
wood-based	✓			
metal	✓			
vinyl	✓			



### 9.27. **Cladding** 9.27.2. Required Protection 9.27.2.2. Minimum levels of protection · required planes of protection required capillary breaks construction deemed to provide a capillary break cladding cladding cladding (1st plane of (1st plane of (1st plane of protection) protection) protection) backing 2<sup>nd</sup> plane of 2<sup>nd</sup> plane of protection protection with capillary break backing backing 13

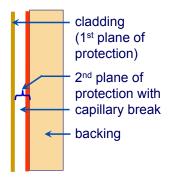


# 9.27. Cladding9.27.2. Required Protection



### 9.27.2.2. Minimum levels of protection

- · two planes of protection for residential
- two planes of protection with a capillary break in regions with high exterior moisture loads



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# 9.27. Cladding9.27.2. Required Protection



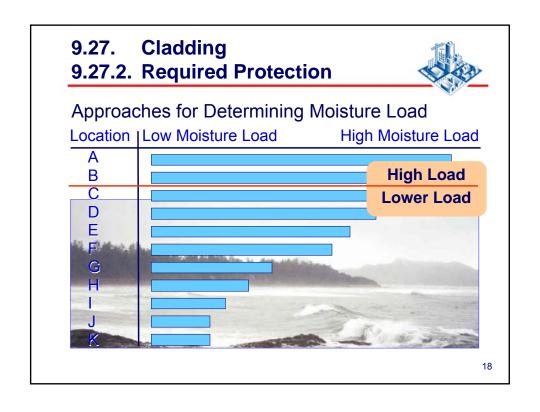
# 9.27.2.2. Minimum levels of protection Capillary breaks

- · clear air spaces between furring
- open drainage material
- configuration of interrupted air spaces typical of vinyl or aluminum siding









### 9.27. **Cladding** 9.27.2. Required Protection



Approaches for Determining Moisture Load

Acceptable Rain



Wind Speed

Wind Direct'n

Temp RH Drying

Moisture Index (MI) combines

- annual rainfall
- annual drying capacity

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### 9.27. **Cladding** 9.27.2. Required Protection



### Table C-2 (Continued)

		Design Ter			mperature Degree-			One Dav	Ann.		Ann.	Driving Rain Wind
Province and Location	rovince and Location Bev.,	January		July 2.5%		Days Below	Min. Rain.	Rain,	Rain,	Moist. .Index	Tot. Ppn.,	Pres-
	""	2.5% °C	1% °C	Dry °C	Wet °C	18º C	mm	1/50, mm	mm	.iiidex	mm	sures, Pa, 1/5
Tatamagouche	25	-21	-24	27	21	4500	18	118	875	1.05	1150	260
Truro	25	-21	-23	27	21	4650	18	123	1000	1.16	1175	240
Wolfville	35	-19	-21	28	21	4200	18	123	975	1.13	1175	260
Yarmouth	10	-13	-15	22	19	4100	13	150	1125	1.32	1260	280
Prince Edward Island												
Charlottetown	5	-20	-22	26	21	4600	13	107	900	1.09	1150	350
Souris	5	-19	-21	27	21	4650	13	112	950	1.14	1130	350
Summerside	10	-20	-22	27	21	4650	13	112	825	1.03	1060	350
Tignish	10	-20	-22	27	20	4800	13	96	800	1.01	1100	350
Newfoundland												
Argentia	15	-13	-15	21	18	4600	15	107	1250	1.47	1400	400
Bonavista	15	-17	-19	24	19	4950	18	96	825	1.11	1010	400
Buchans	255	-21	-24	26	19	5400	13	107	850	1.04	1125	200
Cape Harrison	5	-29	-31	27	16	6900	15	112	475	0.94	950	350
Cape Race	5	-14	-16	19	18	4900	18	139	1425	1.66	1550	400

### 9.27. Cladding

### 9.27.2. Required Protection



### Table C-2 (Continued)

15 One Day Rain, 1/50, mm		Ann. Rain, mm Moist. .Index		Driving Rain Wind Pres- sures, Pa, 1/5	
118	875	1.05	1150	260	
123	1000	1.16	1175	240	
123	975	1.13	1175	260	
150	1125	1.32	1260	280	
	Day Rain, 1/50, mm 118 123 123	Day Ann. Rain, 1/50, mm mm 118 875 123 1000 123 975	Day Rain, 1/50, mm       Ann. Rain, mm mm       Moist. Index         118       875       1.05         123       1000       1.16         123       975       1.13	Day Rain, 1/50, mm       Ann. Rain, 1/50, mm       Moist. Index       Ppn., mm         118       875       1.05       1150         123       1000       1.16       1175         123       975       1.13       1175	

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# 9.27. Cladding9.27.2. Required Protection



### 9.27.2.2. Minimum levels of protection

- High moisture load areas have:
  - MI > 1.0 and ≥ 3400 dd
  - MI > 0.9 and < 3400 dd

# 9.27. Cladding9.27.2. Required Protection

**British Columbia** 



Map excerpted from National Geographic Atlas, Washington, 1963

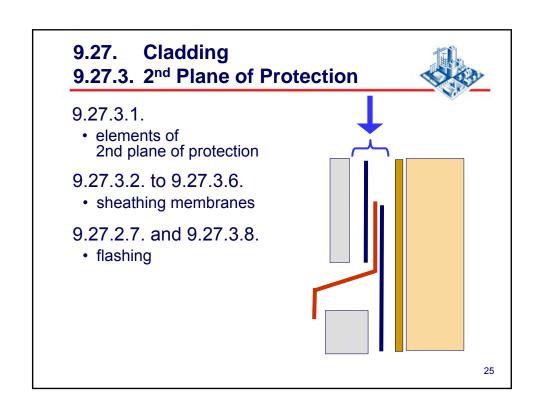
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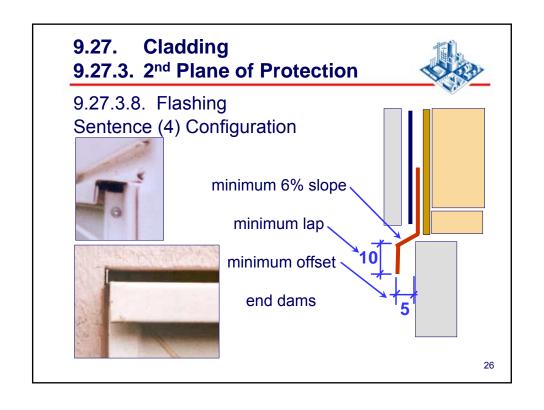
# 9.27. Cladding9.27.2. Required Protection

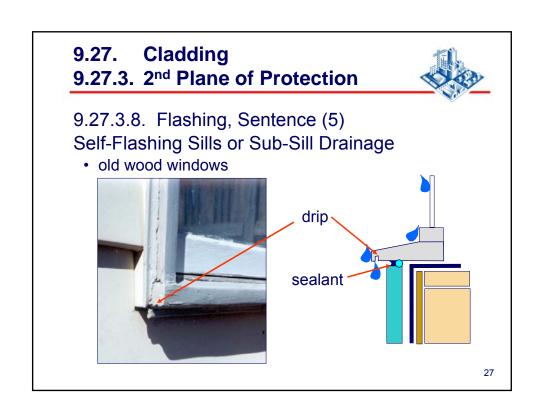


### 9.27.2.3. First and Second Planes of Protection

- First Plane (cladding, trim, etc.)
  - · minimize passage of rain and snow
- Second Plane
  - intercept incidental water
  - · dissipate it to the exterior
- Continuity









# 9.27. Cladding9.27.3. 2<sup>nd</sup> Plane of Protection



### 9.27.3.8. Flashing, Sentence (5) Self-Flashing Sills or Sub-Sill Drainage



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Summary

- **BCBC 2006**
- 9.26., 9.27. Precipitation Protection
  - oroofing and flashing
    - requirements apply to more constructions
  - ocladding
    - two planes of protection for residential
    - two planes of protection with a capillary break in high moisture load regions
    - expanded flashing requirements



